



RIEL

Research Institute for
the Environment and
Livelihoods

Designs for a Small-Scale Grain Thresher for Australian Native Rice

Technical Report

2 December 2020

Stefanija Klaric ¹, Sean Bellairs ², Penny Wurm ², Yafei Ge ¹, Zhenyang Hou ¹, Felix Sutherland ¹

¹ Engineering Discipline, College of Engineering, IT and Environment, Charles Darwin University

² Research Institute for Environment and Livelihoods, Charles Darwin University

Citation: Stefanija Klaric S, Bellairs S., Wurm P., Yafei G., Zhenyang H., Sutherland F. (2020). Designs for a Small-Scale Grain Thresher for Australian Native Rice: Technical Report. Charles Darwin University, Darwin, Australia.

Acknowledgements

The thresher designs developed in this project build on a prototype (Mark 1) developed as part of a Master of Engineering program at CDU, by Zhenyang Frederick Hou, Yafei Gary Ge and Felix Sunderland. This team was then commission to scale up the prototype.

Dr Stefanija Klaric, Mechanical Engineering, and Dr Sean Bellairs, Environment Discipline, College of Engineering, IT & Environment, Charles Darwin University conceived of this project.

Input to the project brief, design requirements and modifications throughout the project was provided by Dr Stefanija Klaric, Dr Sean Bellairs and Dr Penny Wurm, Environment Discipline.

We thank Francois Botha, Technical Officer at College of Engineering, IT & Environment, Charles Darwin University, without whose technical support this project could never have been successfully completed.

Table of Contents

Acknowledgements.....	2
Introduction	3
Concept	3
Mark 1	4
Mark 2	6
Achieved Modification from Mark 1 to Mark 2	6
Intended but Not Achieved Modification from Mark 1 to Mark 2	7
Mark 3	8
Achieved Modification from Mark 2 to Mark 3	8
Intended but Not Achieved Modification from Mark 2 to Mark 3	9
Mark 4	11
Achieved Modification from Mark 3 to Mark 4	11
Appendices.....	12
A Drawings	12
Mark 1	12
Mark 2	13
Mark 3	20
B Mesh Drum Providers	24

Introduction

Native Australian rices have long and brittle awns that can grow to be up to 10cm long. As a part of the rice processing procedures, these awns ought to be removed prior to further processing of the grains. Otherwise, the awns would clog the processing equipment. These awns tend to break easily under low normal stress perpendicular to the awns. Therefore, it is effective to manually rotate the awns in a colander resulting in the awns snapping off the grains as a result of the rotation. Most awns will fall through the colander and the grains will be retained within. However, this method is economically inefficient. In an attempt to commercialise native Australian rices, this project aims to devise a product that efficiently removes the awns from the grains.

Concept

The design concept is akin to manual removal of the awn spikes in a colander. The product's main parts are a rod, a paddle blade and a mesh drum. Freshly harvested rice grains are to be put in the mesh drum. The paddle blade is attached to the rotating rod, resulting in rotation of the paddle blade with the rod. The revolving of the paddle blade inside the mesh drum stirs the rice grains, resulting in low pressures on the grains and the awns. These low pressures cause the awn spikes to break from

the grains without damaging the grains. The thin awns can fall through the holes in the mesh drum and grains are retained in the mesh drum, thus separating the awns from the grains.

Mark 1

Component	Material	Dimension
Hand wheel	Nylon	Diameter: 100mm
Rod	Poly(methyl methacrylate) / Acrylic	Diameter: 12mm Length: 271mm
2 Bearings	Steel	Inner diameter: 15mm Outer diameter: 35mm Thickness: 11mm
Cable ties	Nylon	Length: adjustable, larger than 110mm
Mesh drum	Stainless steel	Drum diameter: 220mm Drum height: 180mm Hole diameter: 1.4mm*1.4mm
Paddle blade	PolyTetraFluoroEthylene / PTFE	Length: 210mm Height: 180mm Thickness: 2mm
Bottom plate	Poly(methyl methacrylate) / Acrylic	Diameter: 220mm Height: 5mm
Top plate	Poly(methyl methacrylate) / Acrylic	Diameter: 220mm Height: 5mm Area of four circular sectors: 17592.91mm^2

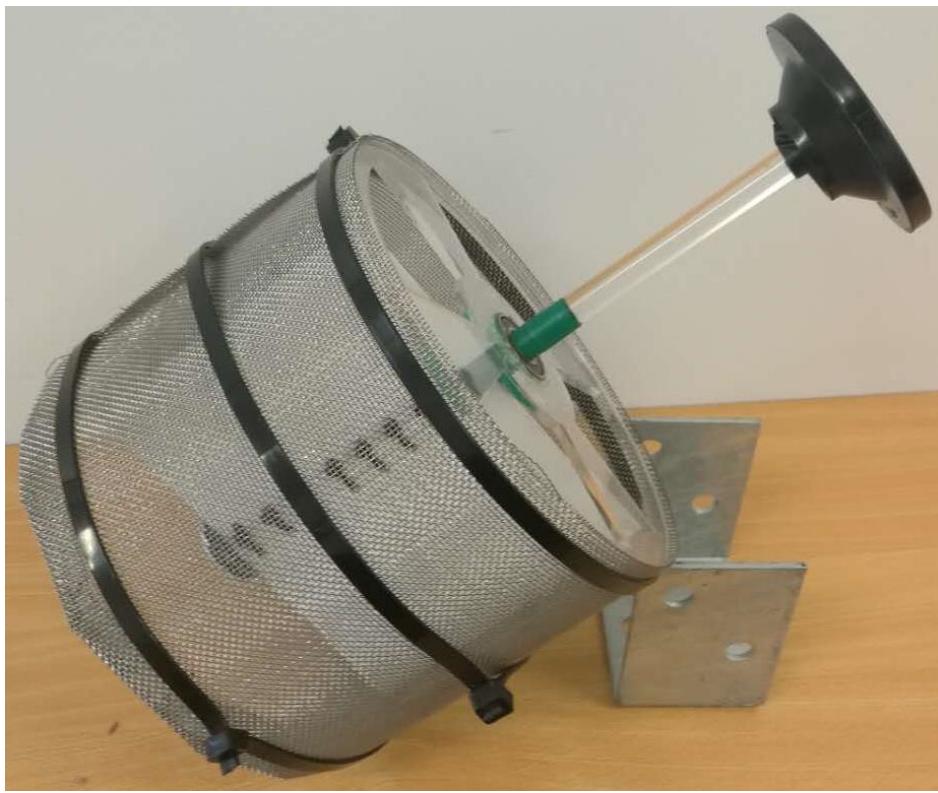


Figure 1: Mark 1 native rice thresher

Mark 2

Mark 2 thresher aims to contain approximately twice as many rice grains as Mark 1 thresher. Also, Mark 2 thresher should be designed to be easier to load and unload rice grains.

Component	Material	Dimension
Hand wheel	Acrylic	Diameter: 100mm
Shaft	Poly(methyl methacrylate) / Acrylic	Diameter 1: 15mm Diameter 2: 20mm Length: 427mm
2 Bearings	Steel	Inner diameter: 15mm Outer diameter: 35mm Thickness: 11mm
Mesh drum	Stainless steel	Drum diameter: 260mm Drum height: 280mm Hole diameter: 1.5mm * 1.5mm
Paddle blade	PolyTetraFluoroEthylene / PTFE	Length: 250mm Height: 280mm Thickness: 2mm
Bottom plate	Poly(methyl methacrylate) / Acrylic	Edge length: 305mm Height: 12mm
Top plate	Poly(methyl methacrylate) / Acrylic	Edge length: 305mm Height: 12mm
5 x M3.5 screw	Stainless steel	Diameter: 3.5mm
10 x M4 screws	Stainless steel	Diameter: 4mm
2 Washer	Stainless steel	Inner diameter: 260mm Outer diameter: 300mm Thickness: 3mm

Area of circular sector on the bottom plate is approximately

$$s = \frac{80}{360} \times 110^2 \times \pi - 45 \times \frac{70}{2} \approx 6868mm^2$$

Achieved Modification from Mark 1 to Mark 2

No.	Modification	Reasons
1	Addition of washers and screws	To better fix the mesh drum with top and bottom plates
2	Rigid mesh drum	The friction between paddle blade and the mesh drum is thus theoretically uniform around the mesh drum. This makes the awn removal process more efficient and less labour intensive.
3	Bigger hand wheel	A bigger hand wheel has a larger diameter so will require less force for rotation according to conservation of momentum.
4	Larger drum volume	Mark 2 thresher can contain approximately 2.17 times the volume of Mark 1 thresher.
5	Smaller opening area	A smaller opening area make the rice grains less likely to escape from the thresher during processing.
6	Replacement of acrylic shaft with metal shaft	Acrylic shaft broke during operation.

Intended but Not Achieved Modification from Mark 1 to Mark 2

A door was initially designed to cover the opening area. The door was damaged during transport.

Mark 3

Objective of Mark 3 is to make the thresher approximately twice as large as Mark 2 thresher. In addition, an effort is to be made to further improve the thresher design for the loading and unloading process of rice grains as the attempt to do so for Mark 2 has failed.

Component	Material	Dimension
Hand wheel	Nylon	Diameter: 125 mm
Shaft	Poly(methyl methacrylate) / Acrylic	Diameter 1: 15mm Diameter 2: 20mm Length: 472mm
2 x Bearings and 2 x Bearing housings	Bearing: Stainless steel Bearing housing: Zinc alloy	Bearing Inner diameter: 15mm Bearing Outer diameter: 35mm Bearing Thickness: 4mm Bearing housing inner diameter: 15mm Bearing housing length: 67mm
Mesh drum	Stainless steel	Drum diameter: 320 mm Drum height: 330mm Wire diameter: 0.55mm Hole size: 1.4mm * 1.4mm
Paddle blade	PolyTetraFluoroEthylene / PTFE	Length: adjustable, larger than 160mm Height: 330mm Thickness: 3mm
2 plate (plastic)	Poly(methyl methacrylate) / Acrylic	Edge length:380mm Height: 4mm
2 plate (metal)	Stainless steel	Edge length:380mm Height: 4mm
5 x M4 screws	Stainless steel	Diameter: 4mm
13 x M6 screws	Stainless steel	Diameter: 6mm

Note: Mark 3 was not functional and was decommissioned and replaced by Mark 4.

Achieved Modification from Mark 2 to Mark 3

No.	Modification	Reasons
1	larger hand wheel	A bigger hand wheel has a larger diameter so will require less force for rotation according to conservation of momentum. Also, because the diameter of the mesh drum has increased, the diameter of the hand wheel ought to increase accordingly.
2	Unintentional soft mesh drum	The mesh drum was bought from another supplier. It is softer than that of Mark 2 and was deformed during transport.
3	Larger drum volume	Mark 3 thresher can contain approximately 1.79 times volume of Mark 2 thresher.
4	Larger opening area	A larger opening area enables effective transporting of grains into and out of the thresher. This is achieved by installing an extra sheet metal to fix the bearings so the acrylic sheet can be completely removed resulting in larger opening area.
5	Installation of bearing housings	Bearing housings support and fix bearings so no glue is required anymore.
6	Thinner acrylic plates	This is to reduce the total weight of the thresher for easier transport.

Intended but Not Achieved Modification from Mark 2 to Mark 3

The initially planned lid and a handle were not achieved because of the thin acrylic plates. Instead, 4 bolts and nuts are used to seal the opening of the opening of the thresher. The mesh chosen deformed prior to use and resulted in the Mark 3 being completely replaced.



Figure 2: Mark 3 showing base plate arrangement. Note deformed mesh.



Figure 3: Mark 3 showing top and handle arrangement.

Mark 4

Purpose of Mark 4 is to repair Mark 3 as Mark 3 is non-functional due to mesh drum deformation during transport. Additionally, shaft of Mark 2 and Mark 4 are to be replaced with metal as the acrylic shaft of Mark 2 broke during operation. A replacement metal shaft is to be ordered for Mark 2. Also, binder clips will be used to facilitate the loading and unloading of rice grains.

Component	Material	Dimension
Hand wheel	Nylon	Diameter: 200mm
Shaft	Stainless steel	Diameter 1: 15mm Diameter 2: 20mm Length: 472mm
2 x Bearings and 2 x Bearing housings	Bearing: Stainless steel Bearing housing: Zinc alloy	Bearing Inner diameter: 17mm Bearing code: KFL003
Mesh drum	Stainless steel	Drum diameter: 320 mm Drum height: 330mm Hole size: 1.4mm * 1.4mm Mesh wire diameter: 0.55mm
Paddle blade	PolyTetraFluoroEthylene / PTFE	Length: adjustable, larger than 160mm Height: 330mm Thickness: 4mm
2 plate (plastic)	Poly(methyl methacrylate) / Acrylic	Edge length:380mm Height: 4mm
2 plate (metal)	Stainless steel	Edge length:380mm Height: 4mm
5 x M4 screws	Stainless steel	Diameter: 4mm
5 x M6 screws	Stainless steel	Diameter: 6mm
Binder clips	Stationery supply	

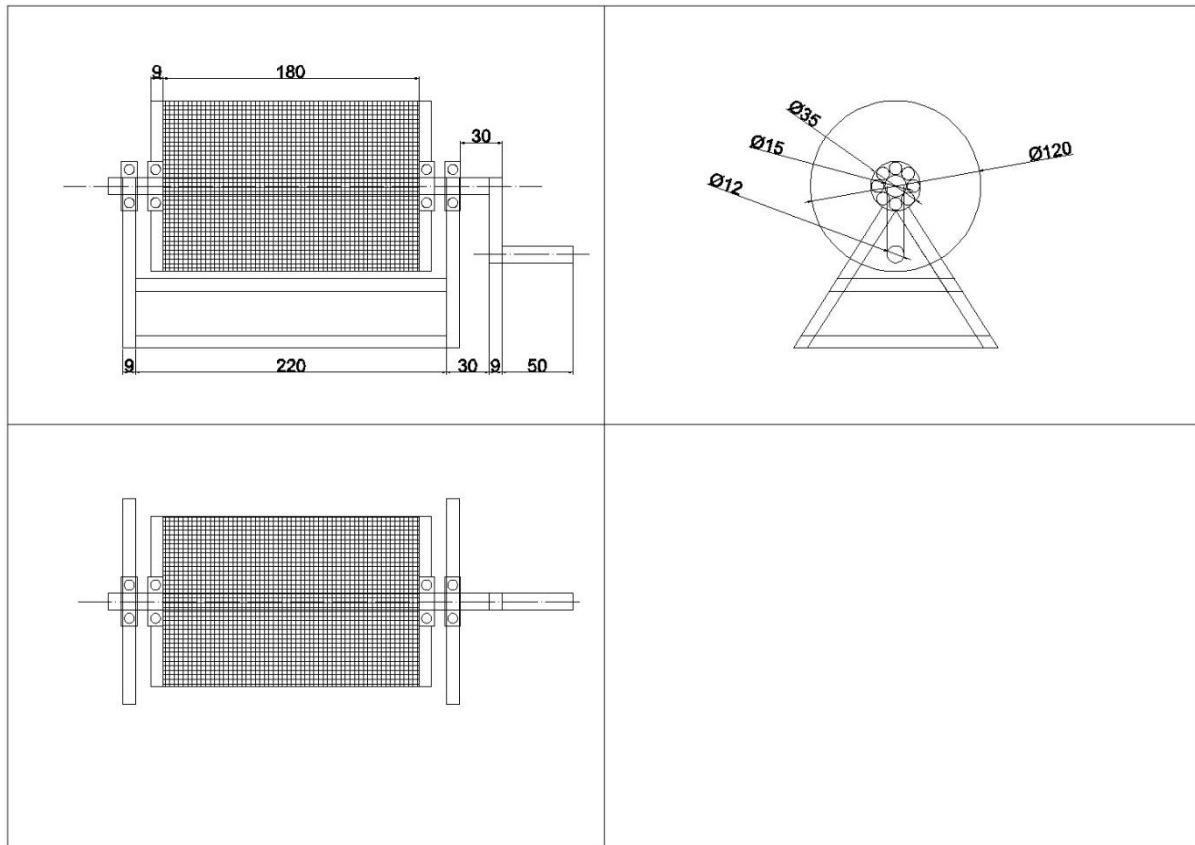
Achieved Modification from Mark 3 to Mark 4

No.	Modification	Reasons
1	More rigid mesh	Mark 3 mesh sustained deformation during transport and was therefore not strong enough to function. New mesh has a larger mesh wire diameter.
2	Use of binder clips	Binder clips are used to replace screws and washer so the process of loading and unloading rice grains can be sped up.
3	Replacement of acrylic shaft with metal shaft	Acrylic shaft of Mark 2 broke during operation so the acrylic shaft of Mark 4 has also been made with stainless steel.

Appendices

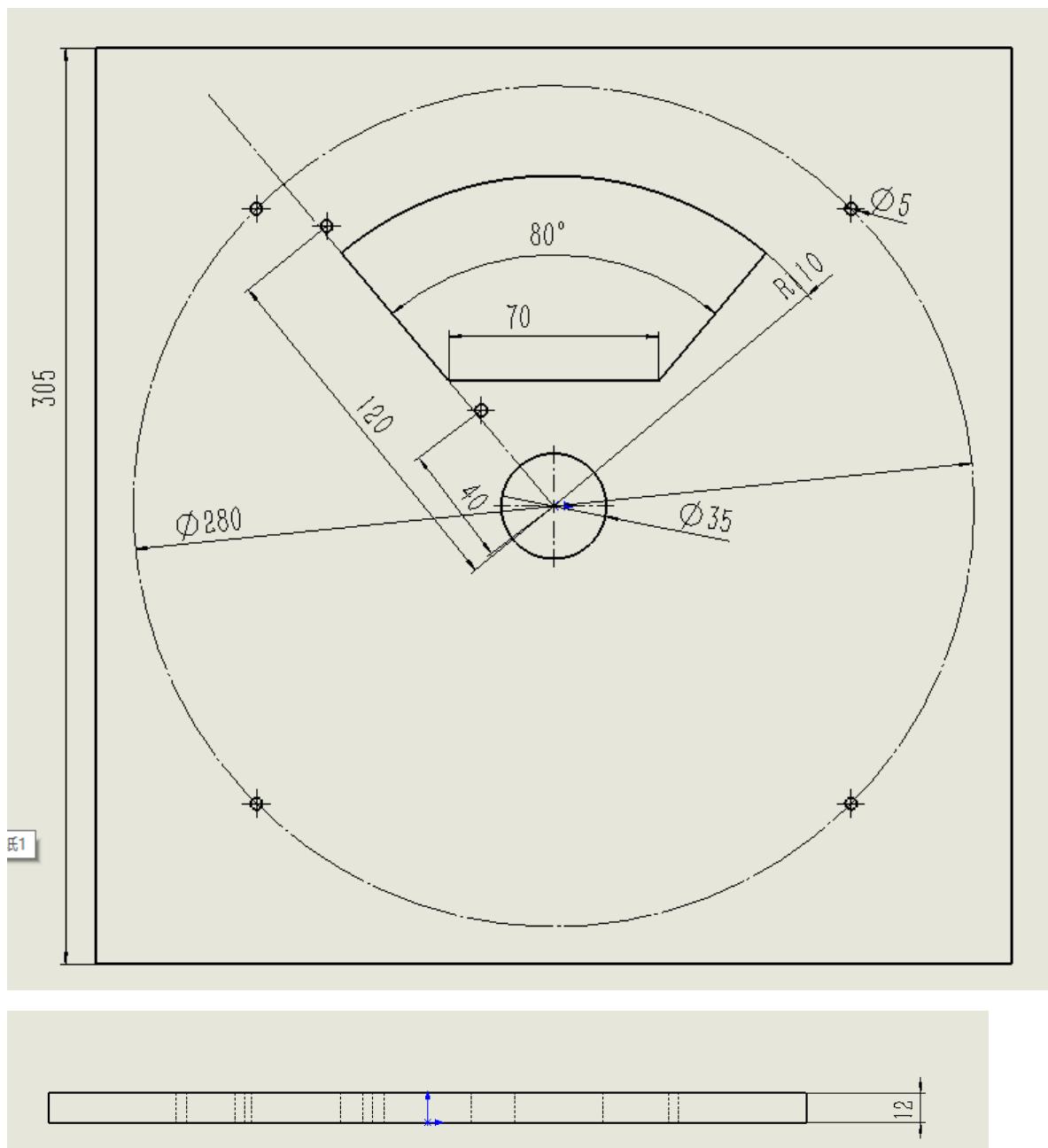
A. Technical drawings

Mark 1

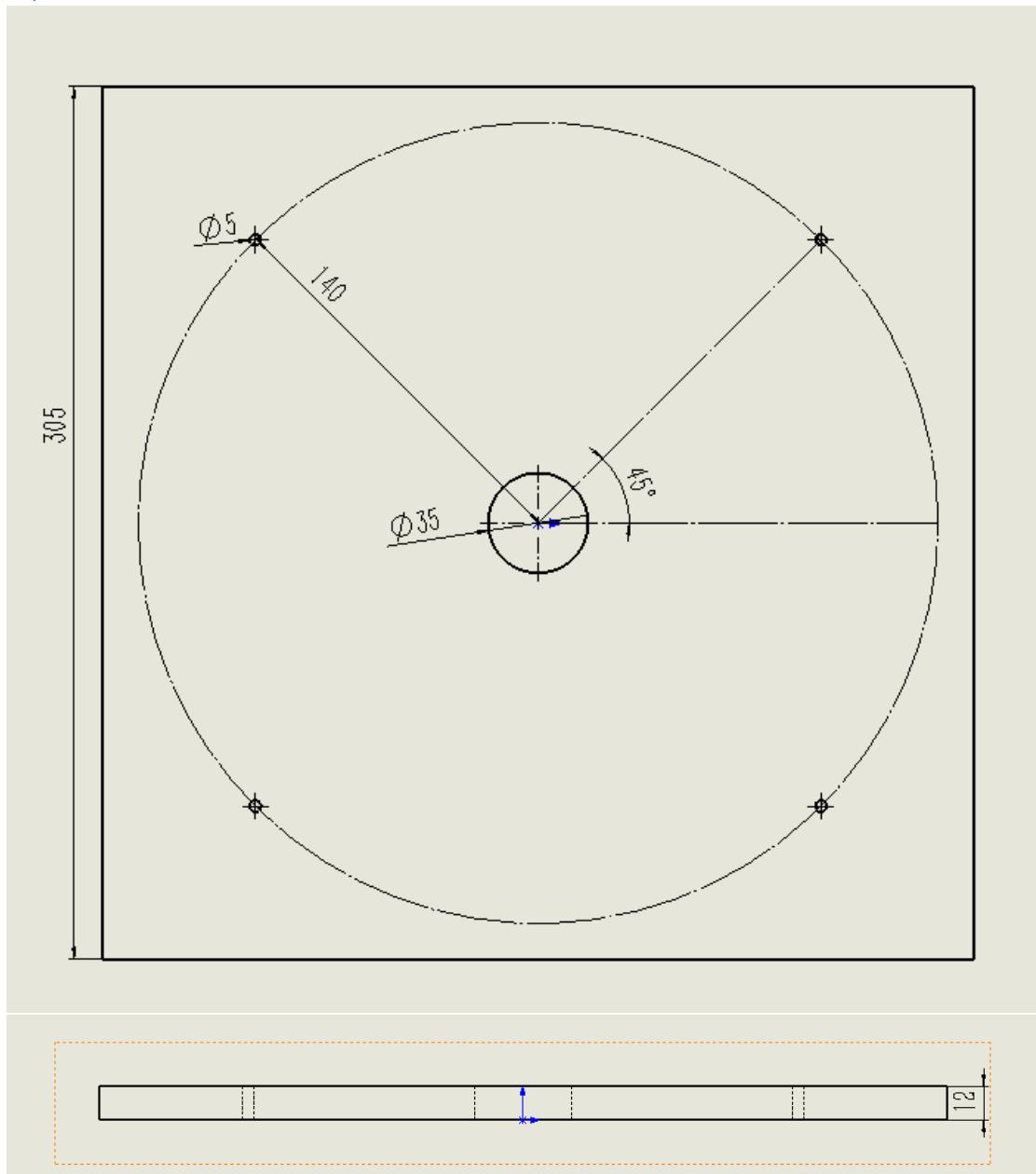


Mark 2

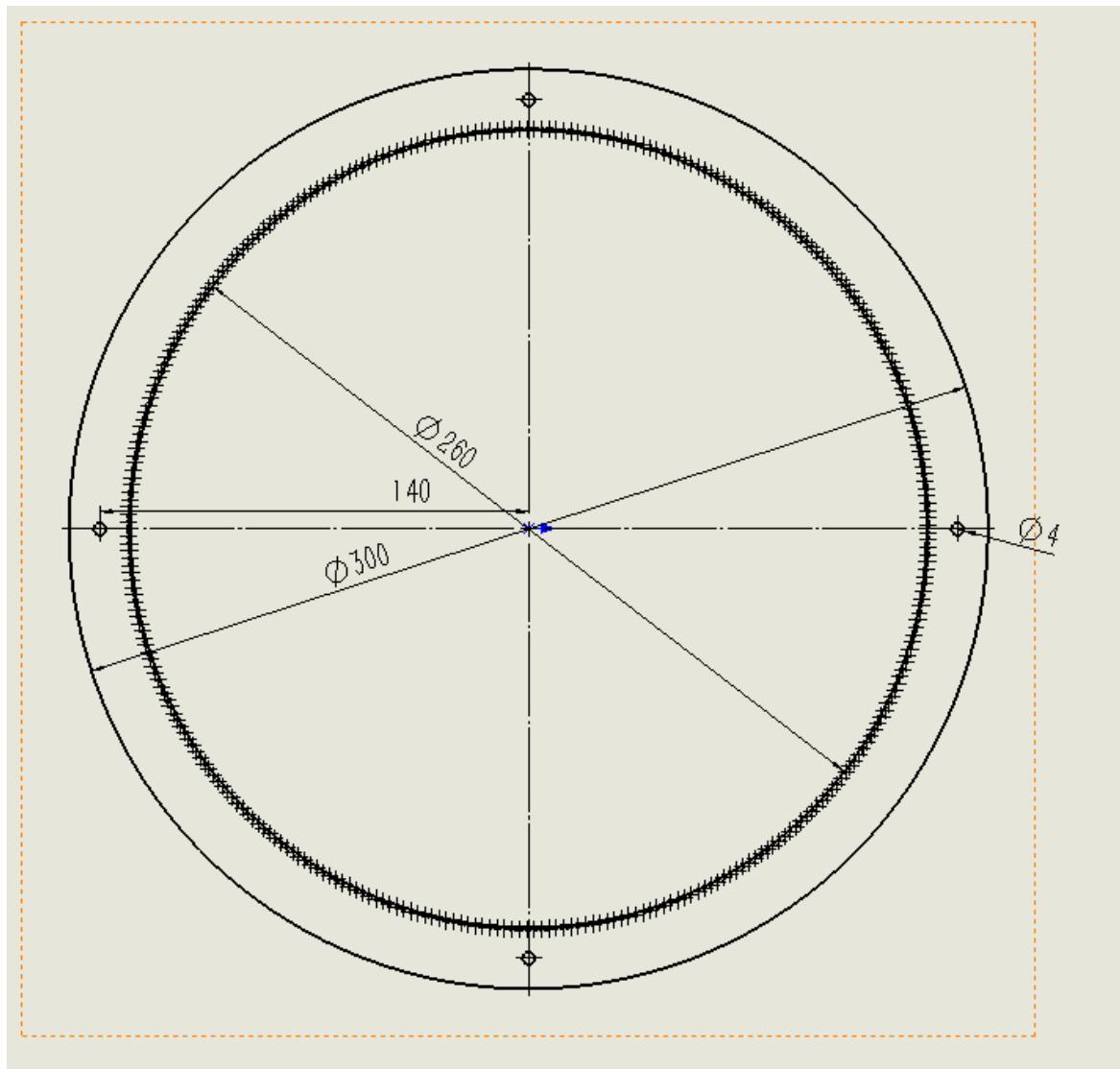
Bottom Plate

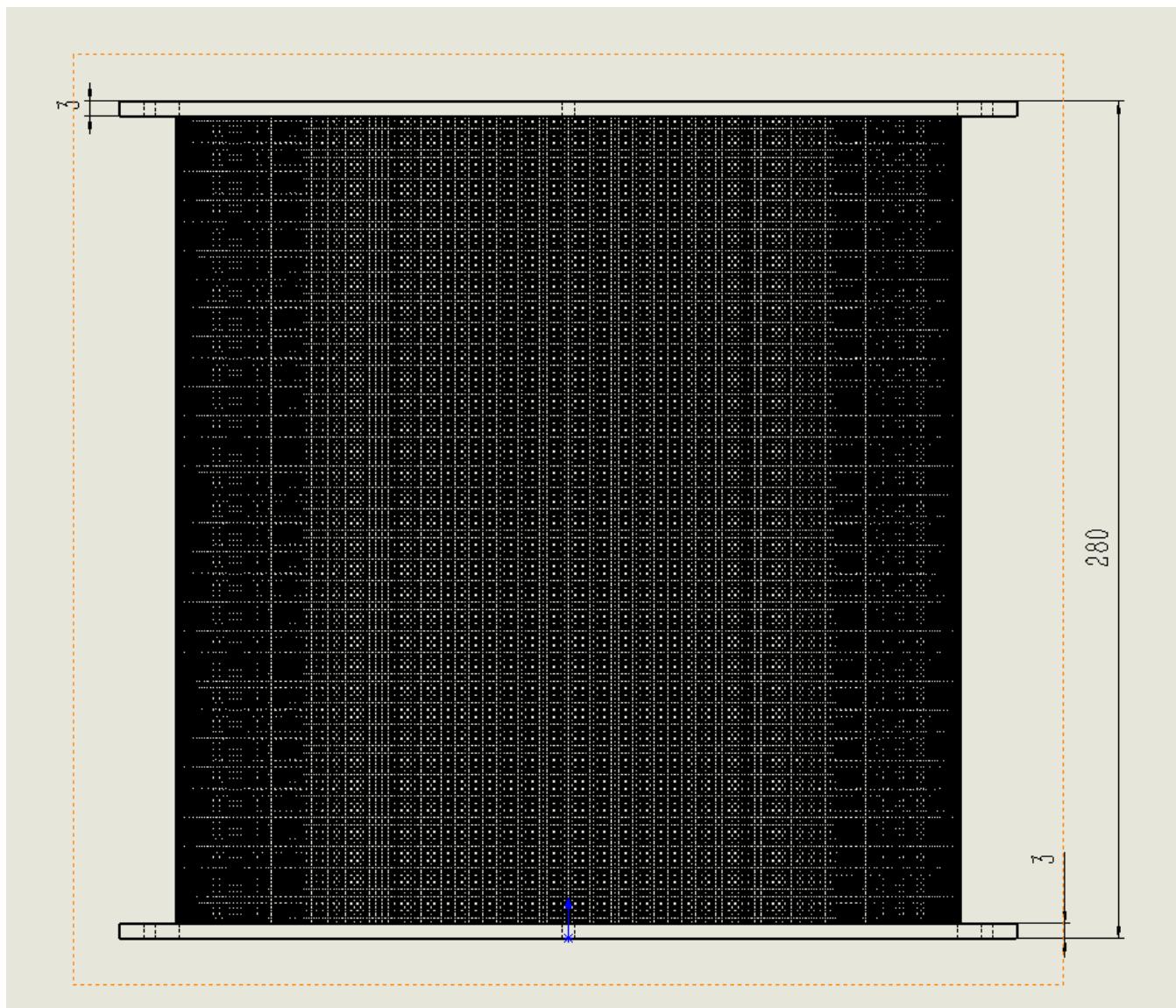


Top Plate

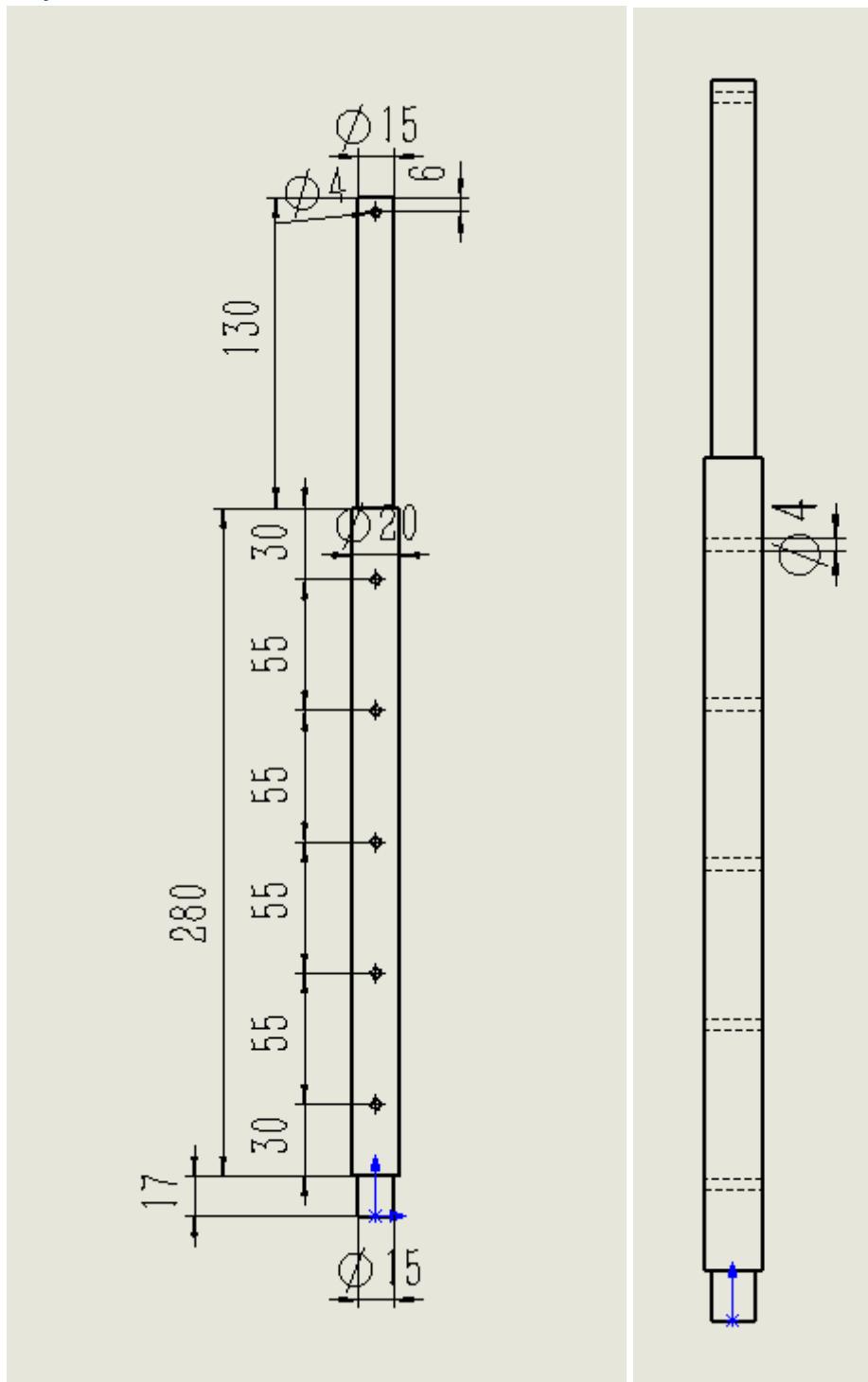


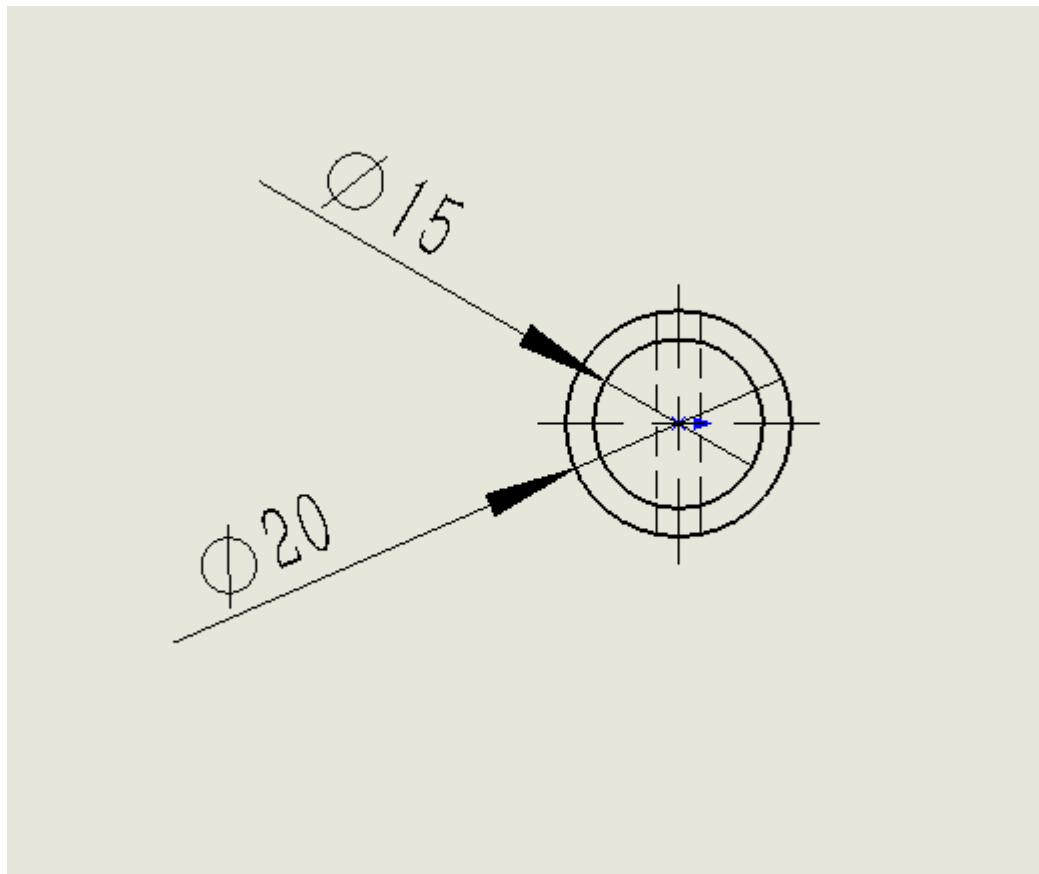
Mesh Drum



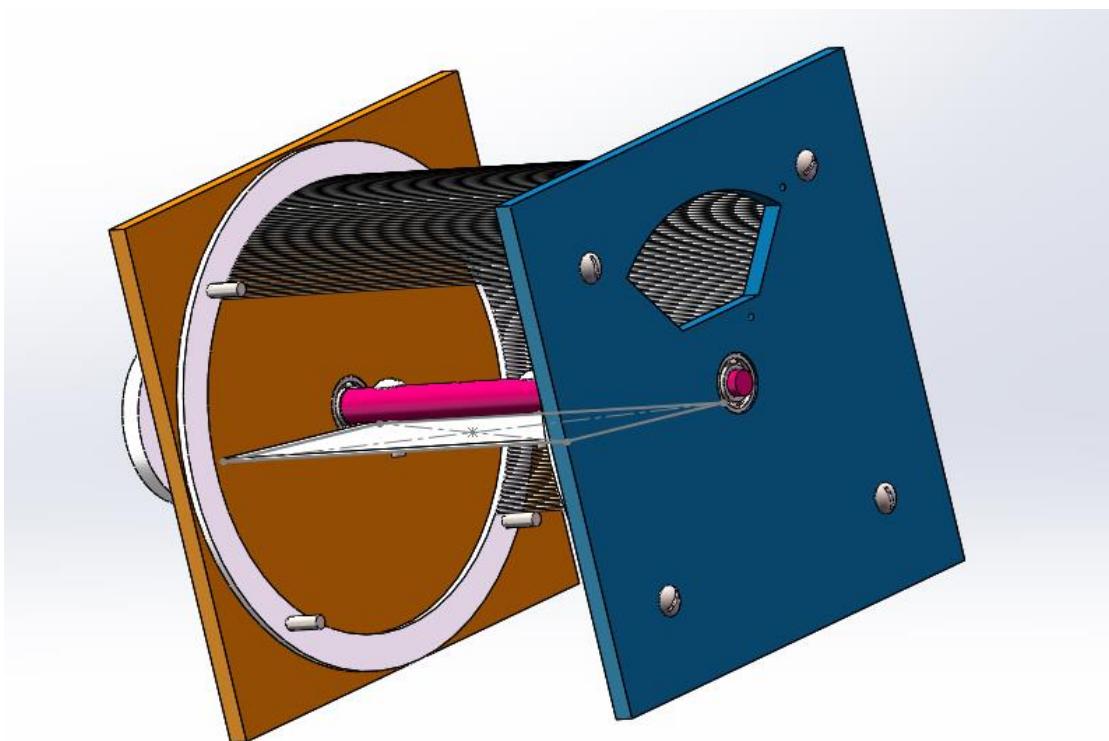
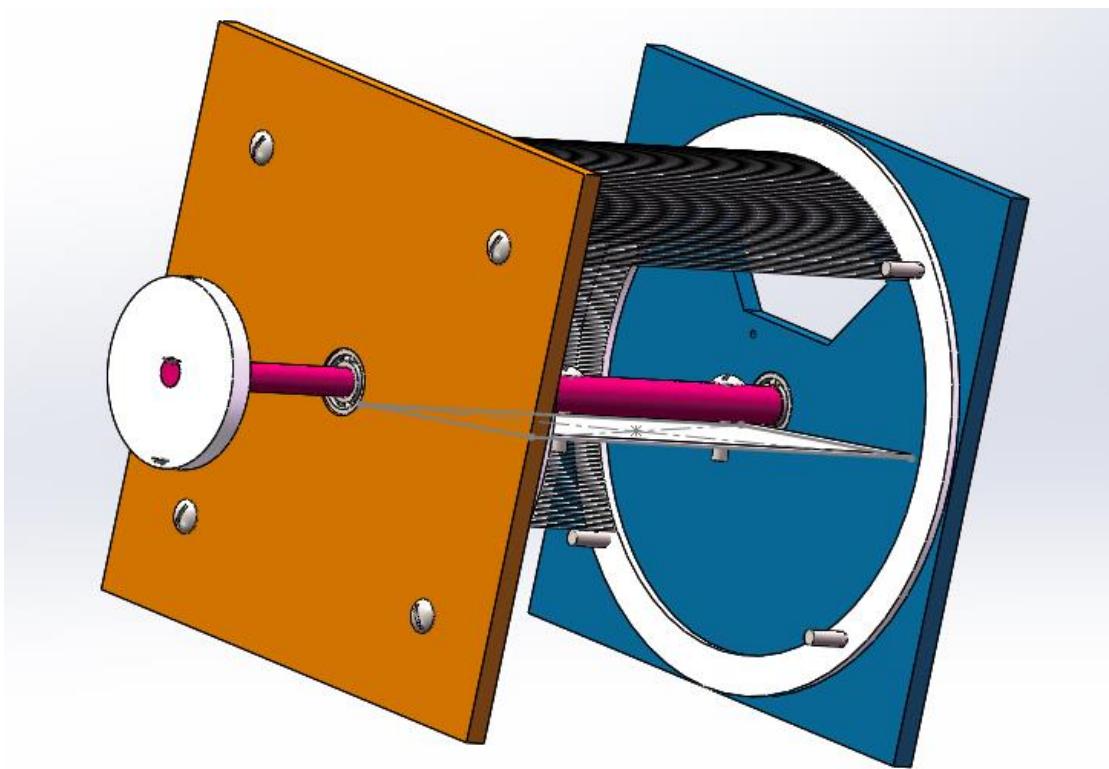


Shaft



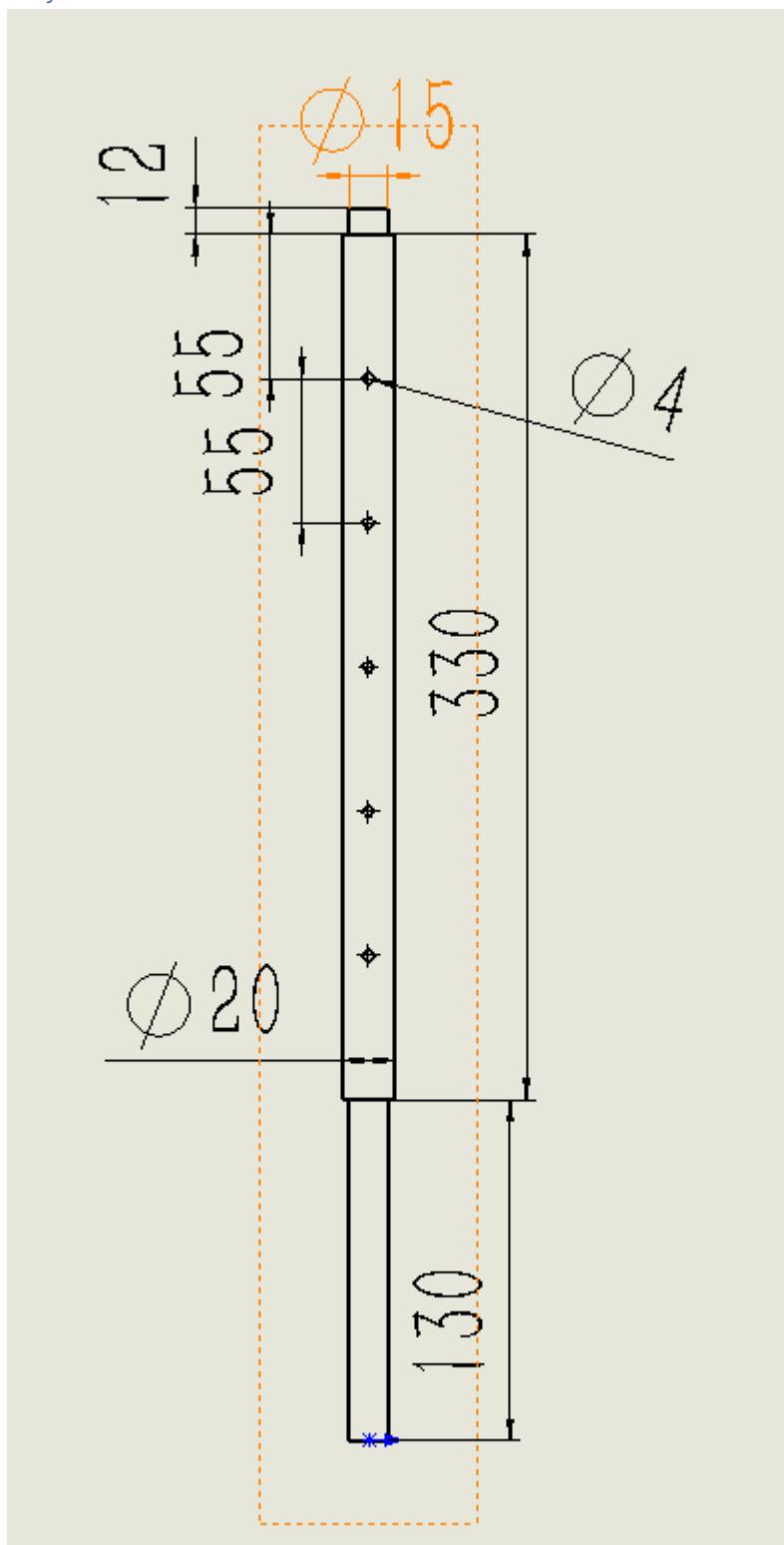


Overview

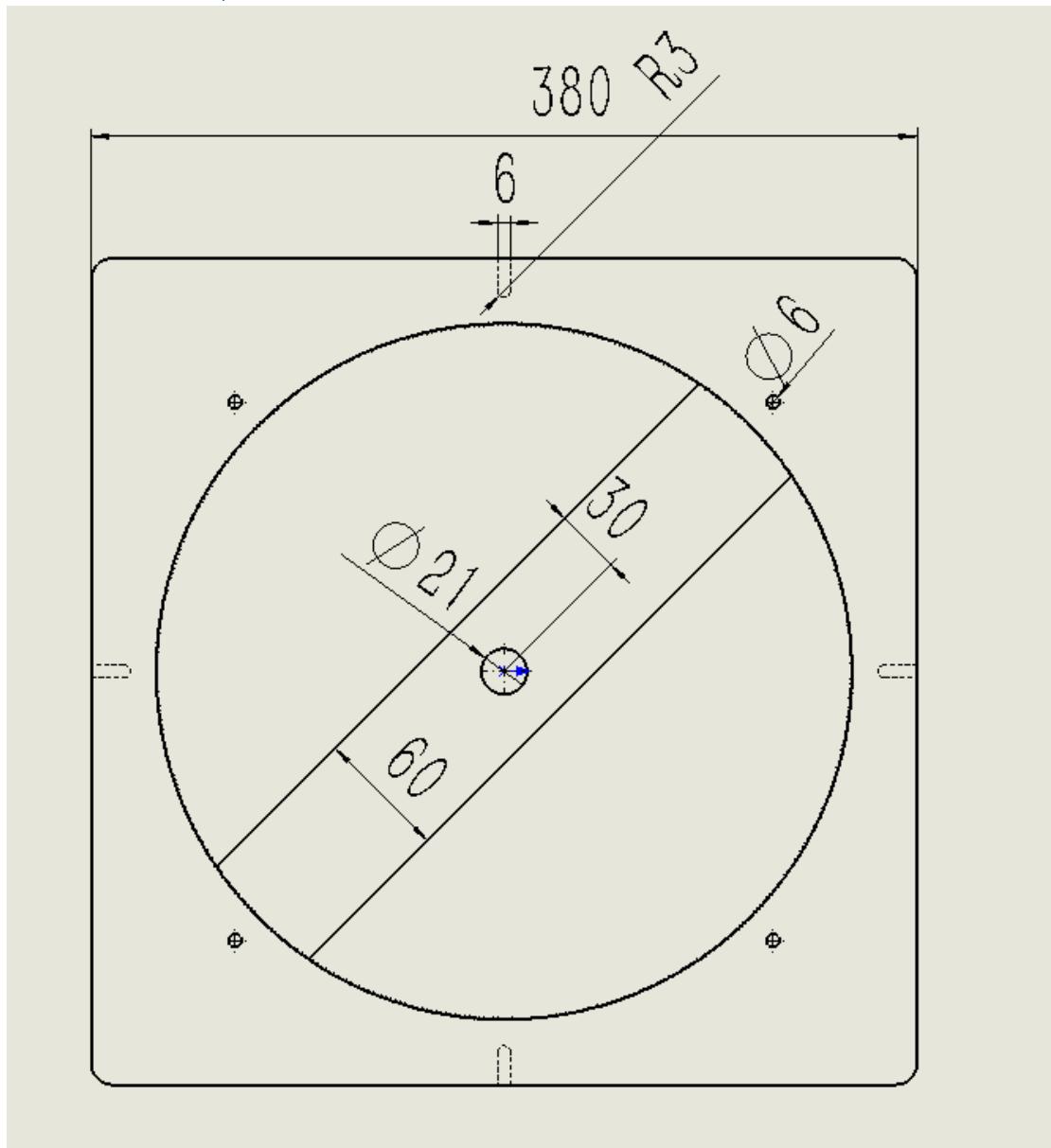


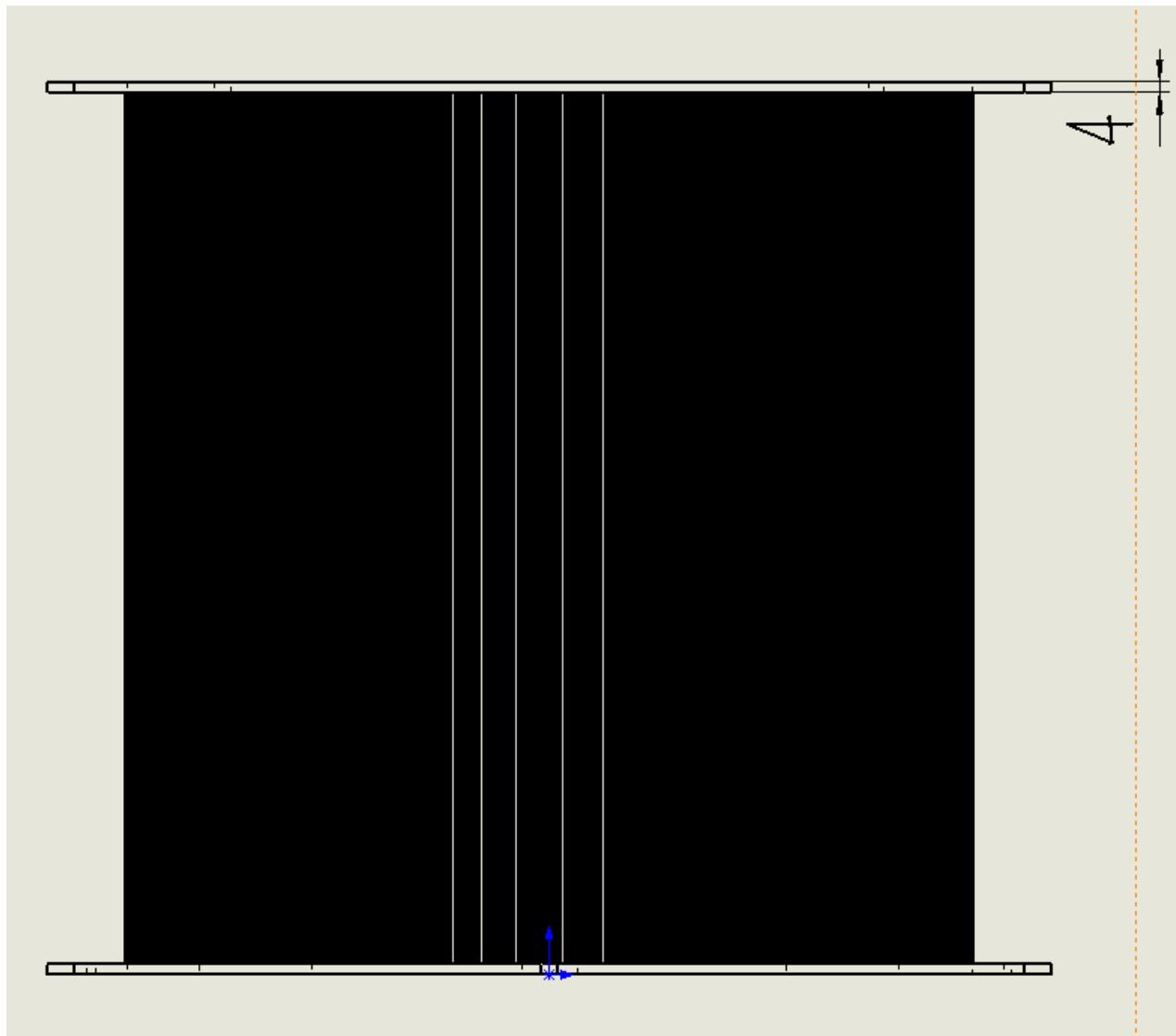
Mark 3

Shaft

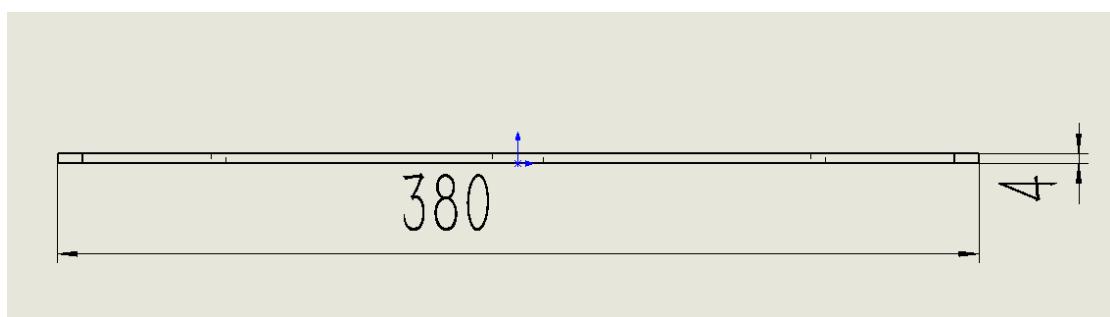
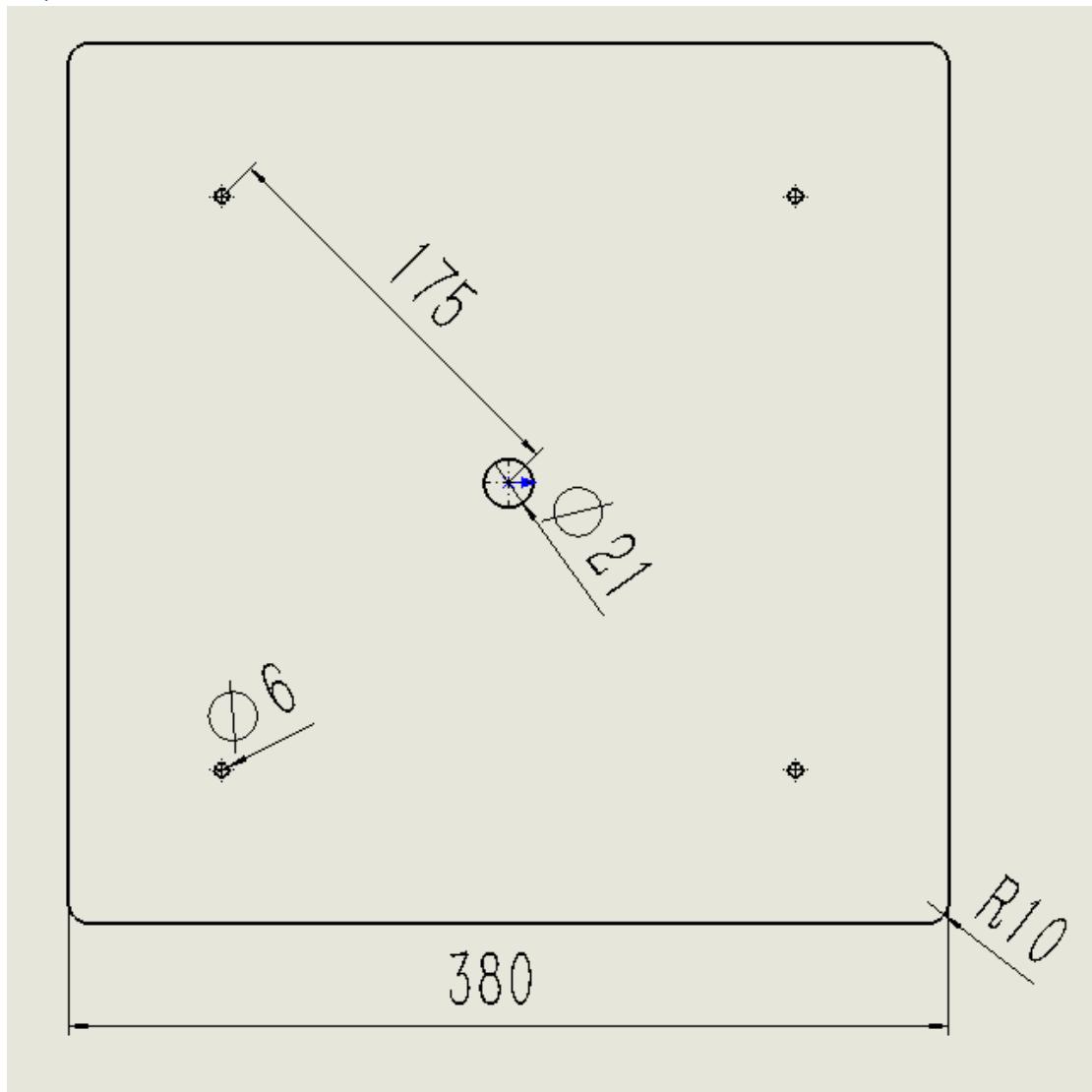


Sheet Metal and Top View





Acrylic Sheet



B. Materials providers

Mark 2

Company Name: Anping County Chen Yi Wire and Mesh Products Ltd. (安平县晨屹丝网制品有限公司)

Address: Anping County North Fu Min Road No. 5 (安平县富民北路 5 号)

(Retrieved from <http://apchenyi.atobo.com/WebSite/apchenyi-c13.html>)

Contact Number: (+86) 15028802051

(Retrieved from <http://apchenyi.atobo.com/WebSite/apchenyi-c13.html>)

Order from:

https://item.taobao.com/item.htm?id=576985544381&price=100&sourceType=item&sourceType=item&suid=1511d400-abaa-47db-8fa1-c374f118fc88&ut_sk=1.W%2BujjUSOqWwDAFJzg8LgpQwh_21646297_1583120481822.Copy.1&un=7b0f08b992ab53973dd3af49e2902fce&share_crt_v=1&spm=a2159r.13376460.0.0&sp_tk=wqJtaDITMTVEWW9COMKi&cpp=1&shareurl=true&short_name=h.V3B8DEz&sm=8dd7f9&app=firefox

Mark 3

Mesh Drum

Company Name: Anping County Ya Hao Wire and Mesh Products Ltd. (安平县雅浩丝网制品有限公司)

Address: Hebei Province Hengshui City Anping County Mazhuang Town Town South 300 (河北省衡水市安平县马庄村村南 300 米处) (Retrieved from <https://pagmac3.m.coovee.com/>)

Contact Number: (+86) 14730575155

Customer Service Number: (+86) 15030872466

Order from:

https://item.taobao.com/item.htm?id=587002854768&price=5&sourceType=item&sourceType=item&suid=013a512e-8bfc-4dcc-867ccfacef9ffac&ut_sk=1.W%2BujjUSOqWwDAFJzg8LgpQwh_21646297_1583120481822.Copy.1&un=7b0f08b992ab53973dd3af49e2902fce&share_crt_v=1&spm=a2159r.13376460.0.0&sp_tk=4oKkZkpNWDE1RGI1TVDigqQ=&cpp=1&shareurl=true&short_name=h.V393z93&sm=da2cc3&app=firefox

Flanges (on which the bearings are mounted)

Company Name: Jiangsu Province Jia Jun Stainless Steel Ltd. (江苏佳俊不锈钢有限公司)

Address: Jiangsu Province Xinghua City Dainan Town Shibao Industrial Park (江苏省兴化市戴南镇史堡工业园区)

Contact Number: (+86) 13705264730

(+86) 15052839509

Order from:

https://item.taobao.com/item.htm?id=540910722767&price=10&sourceType=item&sourceType=item&suid=50802107-b2ae-470f-8ae2-158072b0971b&ut_sk=1.W%2BuJjUSOqWwDAFJzg8LgpQwh_21646297_1583120481822.Copy.1&un=7b0f08b992ab53973dd3af49e2902fce&share_crt_v=1&spm=a2159r.13376460.0.0&sp_tk=4oKsQUd6WDE1RGJYaNHiggw=&cpp=1&shareurl=true&short_name=h.VWA7FbN&sm=e2f217&app=firefox&price=10&sourceType=item&sourceType=item&suid=50802107-b2ae-470f-8ae2-158072b0971b&ut_sk=1.W%2BuJjUSOqWwDAFJzg8LgpQwh_21646297_1583120481822.Copy.1&un=7b0f08b992ab53973dd3af49e2902fce&share_crt_v=1&spm=a2159r.13376460.0.0&sp_tk=4oKsQUd6WDE1RGJYaNHiggw=&cpp=1&shareurl=true&short_name=h.VWA7FbN&sm=e2f217&app=firefox

Mark 4

Mesh Drum

Company Name: Anping County Chen Yi Wire and Mesh Products Ltd. (安平县晨屹丝网制品有限公司)

Address: Anping County North Fu Min Road No. 5 (安平县富民北路 5 号)

(Retrieved from <http://apchenyi.atobo.com/WebSite/apchenyi-c13.html>)

Contact Number: (+86) 15028802051

(Retrieved from <http://apchenyi.atobo.com/WebSite/apchenyi-c13.html>)

Order from:

<https://world.taobao.com/item/576985544381.htm?spm=a21wu.11804641-tw.0.0.5e9e8d7fKacw0b>

Project team:



Figure 4: Thresher development team L-R Dr Stefanija Klaric, Dr Sean Bellairs, Felix Sutherland, Dr Penny Wurm, Yafei Gary Ge. Absent from the photo was Zhenyang Frederick Hou.